

Partnership Against TIP

Many of the activities to prevent trafficking in persons or to protect trafficking victims may require a partnership between the State and civil society, other States or international organisations in order to be effective.

This is because a victim may need to be returned to another country and would need assistance to safely reintegrate into that other territory. This co-ordination may involve international aid agencies or the collaboration of shelters and support services provided by faith-based, community-based and other agencies.

Even the effective and successful punishment of traffickers may require the joint efforts of various countries, international law enforcement agencies and local civil society organisations.

Various stakeholders may be able to provide important information to facilitate prosecution, safeguard witnesses and victims and help to counsel and therapeutically restore victims to enable them to face their traffickers in a court of law.

In this regard, memoranda of understanding between civil society and law enforcement are helpful so that each stakeholder understands the role of the other and there is mutual respect in attaining the common purpose of countering human trafficking.

In many countries there exist coalitions of multiple stakeholders from law enforcement, civil society and State actors which meet regularly and collaborate to execute all of the aspects of the nation's counter trafficking strategies.